## **PCL-734**

32-channel Isolated Digital Output Card

#### Copyright

This documentation is copyrighted 1996 by Advantech Co., Ltd. All rights are reserved. Advantech Co., Ltd. reserves the right to make improvements in the products described in this manual at any time without notice.

No part of this manual may be reproduced, copied, translated or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior written permission of Advantech Co., Ltd. Information provided in this manual is intended to be accurate and reliable. However, Advantech Co., Ltd. assumes no responsibility for its use, nor for any infringements of the rights of third parties which may result from its use.

#### Acknowledgments

PC-LabCard is a trademark of Advantech Co., Ltd. IBM and PC are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation. MS-DOS, Microsoft C and Quick BASIC are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. BASIC is a trademark of Dartmouth College. Intel is a trademark of Intel Corporation. TURBO C is a trademark of Borland International.

## **Contents**

Chapter 1 General information	. 1
Introduction	. 2
Features	. 2
Applications	. 2
Specifications	. 3
Digital output	. 3
Register format	. 3
Dimensions	. 3
Connectors	. 3
Power consumption	. 3
Daughterboards	. 3
Chapter 2 Installation	. 5
Initial inspection	. 6
Switch and jumper settings	. 6
Base address selection (SW1)	. 6
Hardware installation	
Installing the card in your computer	
Chapter 3 Signal connections	11
Connector pin assignments	12
Isolated Output	
Chapter 4 Register format	15
Appendix A PC I/O port address map	17



## **General information**

## Introduction

The PCL-734 offers 32 isolated digital output channels on a PC addon card. Its isolated output channels provide 1,000 V of protection.

Each I/O channel corresponds to a bit in a PC I/O port. This makes the PCL-734 very easy to program.

### **Features**

- 32 isolated digital output channels
- High output driving capacity
- $\bullet$  High-voltage isolation on isolated output channels (1,000  $\rm V_{\rm m})$
- $\bullet$  Open collector outputs (up to 40  $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{rr}})$
- D-type connectors for isolated output channels
- High sink current on isolated output channels (200 mA/channel)
- Suppression diode for inductive loads

## **Applications**

- Industrial ON/OFF control
- Contact closure monitoring
- Switch status sensing
- BCD interfacing
- Digital I/O control
- Industrial and lab automation

## **Specifications**

#### Digital output

#### 32 optically-isolated outputs

 $\bullet$  Output voltage: Open collector 5 to 40  $\rm V_{\rm nc}$ 

Sink current: 200 mA max.
Isolation voltage: 1,000 V<sub>m</sub>

#### Register format

BASE+0	Isolated D00~D07
BASE+1	Isolated DO8~DO15
BASE+2	Isolated D016~D023
BASE+3	Isolated DO24~DO31

#### **Dimensions**

 $185 \text{ mm} \times 100 \text{ mm}$ 

#### **Connectors**

DB-37 connector for isolated Digital Output

#### **Power consumption**

+5 V: 330 mA typical, 500 mA maximum

## **Daughterboards**

#### **PCLD-880**

The PCLD-880 is a universal screw terminal board for industrial wiring. It can be used with the analog or digital ports of various PC-LabCards via 20-pin flat cables or shielded round cables with DB-37 connectors.

## **Installation**

## **Initial inspection**

We carefully inspected the PCL-734 both mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be free of marks and in perfect order on receipt.

As you unpack the PCL-734, check it for signs of shipping damage (damaged box, scratches, dents, etc.). If it is damaged or fails to meet specifications, notify our service department or your local sales representative immediately. Also, call the carrier immediately and retain the shipping carton and packing material for inspection by the carrier. We will then make arrangements to repair or replace the unit.

Discharge any static electricity on your body before you touch the board by touching the back of the systemunit (grounded metal).

Remove the PCL-734 card from its protective packaging by grasping the rear metal panel. Handle the card only by its edges to avoid static electric discharge which could damage its integrated circuits. Keep the antistatic package. Whenever you remove the card from the PC, please store the card in this package for protection.

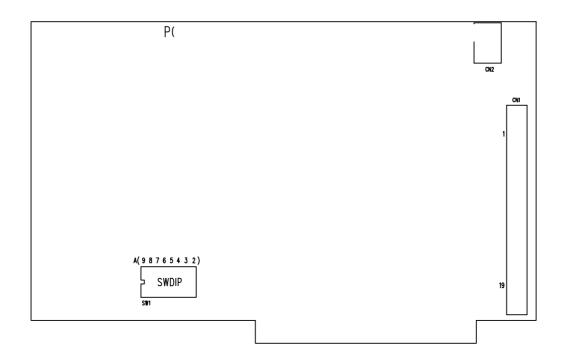
You should also avoid contact with materials that hold static electricity such as plastic, vinyl and styrofoam.

## Switch and jumper settings

The PCL-734 card has one function switch and three jumper settings. The following sections tell how to configure the card. You may want to refer to the apposite page for help identifying card components.

### Base address selection (SW1)

You control the PCL-734's operation by writing data to the PC's I/O (input/output) port addresses. The PCL-734 requires four consecutive address locations. Switch SWI sets the card's base (beginning) address. Valid base addresses range from Hex 200 to Hex 3FO. However, other devices in your system may be using some of these addresses.



## Card connector, jumper and switch locations

Label	Function
CN1	Isolated output
CN2	E.GND (external ground)
SW1	Card base address

We set the PCL-734 for a base address of Hex 300 at the factory. If you need to adjust it to some other address range, set switch SW1 as shown in the following table:

Card I/O addresses (SW1)								
Range (hex)	Swit	ch posit	ion					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
200 - 203	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
204 - 207	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
*300 - 303	0	0	•	•	•	•	•	•
3F0 - 3F3	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
O = Off • :	= On	*=def	ault					

Note: Switches 1-8 control the PC bus address lines as shown below:

Appendix A provides a PC I/O port address map to help you avoid the I/O addresses for standard PC devices.

### **Hardware installation**

**Warning!** TURN OFF your PC power supply whenever you install or remove the PCL-734 or connect and disconnect cables.

#### Installing the card in your computer

- 1. Turn the computer off. Turn the power off to any peripheral devices such as printers and monitors.
- 2 Disconnect the power cord and any other cables from the back of the computer.
- 3. Remove the system unit cover (refer to your user's guide chassis user's guide if necessary).
- 4. Locate the expansion slots at the rear of the unit and choose any unused slot.
- 5 Remove the screw that secures the expansion slot cover to the system unit. Save the screw to secure the interface card retaining bracket.
- 6 Carefully grasp the upper edge of the PCL-734 card. Align the hole in the retaining bracket with the hole on top of the expansion slot and align the gold striped edge connector with the expansion slot socket. Press the board firmly into the socket.
- 7. Secure the PCL-734 using the screw you removed in step 5.
- 8 Attach any accessories (i.e. a DB-37 cable, etc.) to the PCL-734.
- 9 Replace the system unit cover. Connect the cables you removed in step 2. Turn the computer power on.

# CHAPTER

## **Signal connections**

Good signal connections can avoid a lot of unnecessary damage to your valuable PC and other hardware. This chapter gives pin assignments for each of the card's connectors and signal connections for different applications.

## Connector pin assignments

The PCL-734 has a DB-37 connector accessible from the card bracket. See the figure on page 9 for the location of each connector.

Pin assignments for each connector appear in the following sections.

Abbreviations				
IDO	Isolated digital output			
E.GND	External ground for isolated output			
PCOM	Free wheeling diode common			

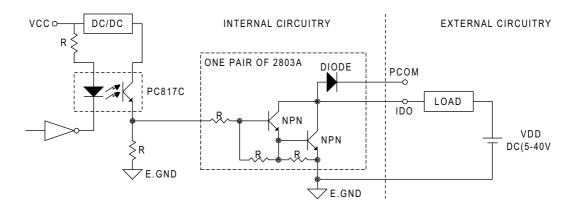
#### Connector CN1 - Isolated input and output

IDO 0 IDO 2 IDO 4 IDO 6 PCOM 1 IDO 9 IDO 11 IDO 13 IDO 15 IDO 16 IDO 18 IDO 18 IDO 20 IDO 22 PCOM 3 IDO 25 IDO 27	1 20 2 21 3 22 4 23 5 24 5 25 8 27 8 27 9 28 9 29 10 12 30 11 33 14 33 15 34 16 35	IDO 1 IDO 3 IDO 5 IDO 7 IDO 8 IDO 10 IDO 12 IDO 14 PCOM 2 IDO 17 IDO 19 IDO 21 IDO 23 IDO 24 IDO 26 IDO 28			
IDO 25	14 33 15 34	IDO 24 IDO 26			
IDO 29 IDO 31 E.GND	17 36 18 37 19	IDO 28 IDO 30 PCOM 4			

## **Isolated Output**

Each of the eight isolated digital output channels come equipped with eight darlington transistors featuring common emitters and integral suppression diodes for inductive loads.

If the external voltage (5 to 40 V) is connected to each isolated output channel (IDO) and its isolated digital output turns on (max. of 200 mA per channel), the card's current will sink from the external voltage. The current through each E.GND should not exceed 50 mA. If the current for all channels combined exceed 150 mA, return the current to the external voltage through CN2. The following figure shows how to connect an external output load to the card's isolated outputs.



## CHAPTER

## **Register format**

Programming the PCL-734 is extremely simple. Each output channel corresponds to a bit in the card's registers. To turn on an output channel you write a `'1" to the corresponding bit.

The card requires four I/O register addresses. The address of each register is specified as an offset from the card's base address. For example, BASE+0 is the card's base address and BASE+2 is the base address + two bytes. If the card's base address is 300h, the register's address is 302h. See Chapter 2 for information on setting the card's base address.

Register assignments are as follows:

	Write	Read
BASE+0	IDO bits 0-7	N/A
BASE+1	IDO bits 8-15	N/A
BASE+2	IDO bits 16-23	N/A
BASE+3	IDO bits 24-31	N/A



## PC I/O port address map

PC I/O port a	ddress map
Range (hex)	Function
000 - 1FF	Base system
200	Reserved
201	Game control
202 - 277	Reserved
278 - 27F	IPI2: (2nd printer port)
280 - 2F7	Reserved
2F8 - 2FF	COM2:
300 - 377	Reserved
378 - 37F	IPT1: (1st printer port)
380 - 3AF	Reserved
3B0 - 3BF	Mono Display/Print adapter
3C0 - 3CF	Reserved
3D0 - 3DF	Color/Graphics
3E0 - 3EF	Reserved
3F0 - 3F7	Flappy disk drive
3F8 - 3FF	COM1: